FINAL FEASIBILITY REPORT ON DETAILED HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY PUNPUN RIVER

FROM GANGA CONFLUENCE AT FATUHA (CH 0 KM), TO DUDHAILA BRIDGE NH-83 (CH 34.61 KM) NATIONAL WATERWAY NO- 81

VOLUME - I

Submitted To



INLAND WATERWAYS AUTHORITY OF INDIA A-13, Sector-1, NOIDA DIST-Gautam Buddha Nagar UTTAR PRADESH PIN- 201 301(UP)

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We would like to use this opportunity to pen down our profound gratitude and appreciations to Shri Pravir Pandey, IA & AS, Chairman, Shri Alok Ranjan, ICAS, Member (Finance) and Shri Shashi Bhushan Shukla, Member (Traffic).

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List of Abbreviations

SD	Sounding Datum
CD	Chart Datum
RTK	Real time Kinematic
DGPS	Differential Global Positioning Systems
TS	Total Station
GPS	Global Positioning Systems
ВМ	Bench Mark
MSL	Mean Sea Level
RL	Reference Level
HFL	Highest Flood Level
HTL	High Tension Line
СН	Chainage
WGS	World Geodetic System
UTM	Universal Transverse Mercator
LAD	Least Available Depth

SALIENT FEATURES AT A GLANCE

Consultant: STRABAG INDIA PVT LTD.								
Name	PUNPUN RIVI	ER		NW -81				
	34.61 km Fron	34.61 km From Ganga Confluence at Fatuha to Dudhaila Bridge,						
Length	NH-83							
State	Bihar	Bihar						
Survey Period		2016 to 24th Jar	nuary 2016					
Tidal / Non-tidal	Non tidal							
A	Availability of Depth (reduced) (mtrs)							
	(0-25 KM)	(25-34.61 KM)	TOTAL					
<1.2	18.8	5.4	24.2					
1.2-1.4	2.55	1.85	4.4					
1.5-1.7	1.8	0.96	2.76					
1.8-2	1.1	0.85	1.95					
>2.0	0.75	0.55	1.3					
TOTAL	25	9.61	34.61					
Average Slope per KM (m)	0.352	0.146						
Width Range (m)	50	30						
Bathy Survey conducted for Length (Km)		34	4.61 km					
	Dredging Quan	tity (Observed)	Cu.m					
	(0-25 KM)	(25-34.61 KM)	TOTAL					
Class 1	2,16,234.91	88,028.60	3,04,263.51					
Class 2	5,03,551.20	2,15,674.10	7,19,225.30					
Class 3	10,81,291.06	4,58,900.30	15,40,191.36					
Class 4	15,13,564.48	6,34,560.40	21,48,124.88					
	Dredging Quan	tity (Reduced)	Cu.m					
	(0-25 KM)	(25-34.61 KM)	TOTAL					
Class 1	7,40,363.70	3,69,535.10	11,09,898.80					
Class 2	12,13,238.80	5,81,581.20	17,94,820.00					
Class 3	19,76,081.70	9,01,912.83	28,77,994.53					
Class 4	24,56,722.10	10,95,076.47	35,51,798.57					
No. of Bridge								

7								
Clearances less than Class (no.)								
Horizontal	Vertical							
5	2							
6	4							
7	5	Vertical clearance of <u>01 no.</u> HT						
7	7	line is less than required 19m.						
	Horizontal 5	Horizontal Vertical 5 2 6 4						

No. of Dams, Barrages, Weirs, Anicut etc.

NA

Number of days Water not available								
CWC Gauge	Sripalpur							
Chainage (km)	36.907							
<1.2	247							
<1.4	254							
<1.7	268							
<2.0	276							

Cargo availability

Nil

Passenger Movement

Yes (Across the river)

Present IWT use

Nil

Recommendation of the Consultant

- 1. The whole river is non-tidal and is one of the tributary of Ganga.
- 2. Punpun River is utilized by small boat for ferry services across the river or for fishing purpose.
- 3. The availability of navigable water is only during monsoon season
- 4. Tourism facilities are present at Trivani sangam at fatuha and Patna. Cities along the river are Fatuha, Simra, and Patna.
- 5. No cargo along the river.
- 6. The average width of the river is 20-40 mtr, so widening of the river is required at many places.

Viable or not-viable

Further TEF/DPR study is recommended.

(Signature)

Date: Name of Consultant

SECTION – I: INTRODUCTORY CONSIDERATIONS

1.1 **River Course**. Inland Waterways Authority of India has awarded contract of detailed Hydrographic Survey and feasibility report in Region VII, the National Waterways including assessment of river training works and further development cost, for eco-friendly navigation in the waterways, to Strabag India Pvt. Ltd.

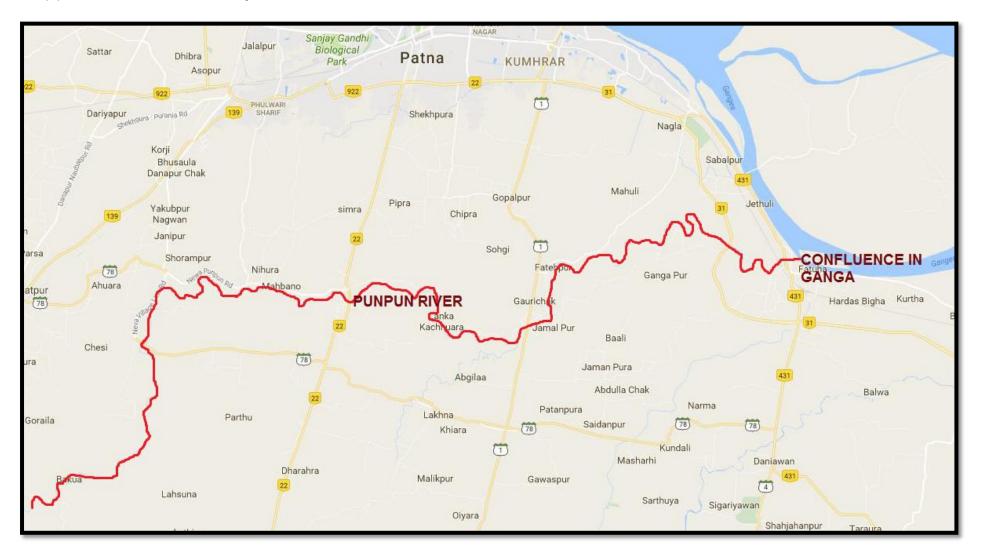
The Punpun River is a minor tributary of the Ganga. The River is originated from Palamu district of Jharkhand and flow through Chatra, Aurangabad, Gaya and Patna district of both Jharkhand and Bihar. The river mostly flows in north-east direction and join the Ganga at Fatuha. Detailed hydrographic and topographic survey of Punpun River was carried out from confluence at Ganga Fatuha to bridge on NH83, Dudhaila near Pakri village.

The feasibility study of Punpun River being envisaged for the development the waterway navigation. It is expected to boost the much needed irrigation projects and water way transportation in and around the river, which will provide a better living standards of the local populace

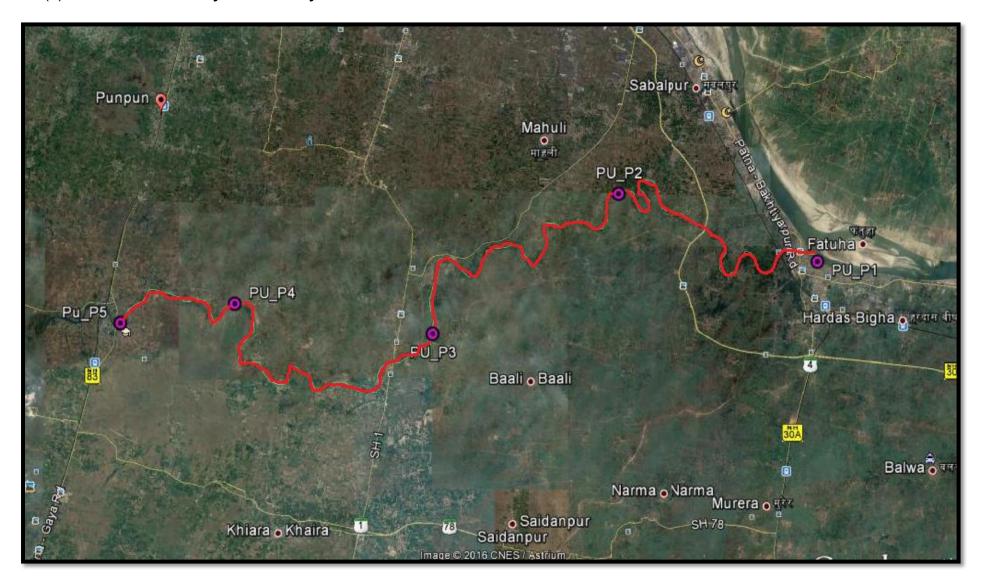
Mata Seeta has spent some time near Punpun village at the bank of Punpun River. For Pind-dan Gaya and Punpun are the most important/ auspicious place in Hindu Dharma. Every year from Nepal and all over India Hindus come here to do pind-dan. It is saying that first pind-dan is done in Punpun after than Gaya.

- 1.2 **Tributaries**. No tributary was noticed in the surveyed river stretch.
- 1.3 **States & Districts**. Punpun Riveroriginates from Palamu district of Jharkhand and flows through Chatra, Aurangabad, Gaya and Patna district of the Indian state of Jharkhand and Bihar. The course of waterway understudy of Punpun River is 34.61 km length of the river from Ganga confluence to upstream

1.4 (a) Full Course of Waterway.



1.4 (b) Course of Waterway under study.



- 1.5 **Scope of Works** Strabag India Pvt Ltd. conducted hydrographic and topographic survey of Punpun River from the confluence of Ganga at FatuhaLat 25°30'50.37"N Long 85°18'16.72" E to Bridge on NH83, Dudhaila Near Pakri Village, Lat 25°29'49.79"N, Long 85° 6'19.44"E was carried out 07th Jan 2016 to 24thJan 2016. The scope of the work for the conduct of survey of Punpun River includes: -
 - Undertake bathymetric and topographic survey of National waterway.
 - Establishing horizontal and vertical control stations
 - Construction of benchmark pillars and establishing its reduced level w.r.to
 Mean Sea Level
 - Setting up and deployment of water level gauges
 - Current velocity and discharge measurements
 - Collection and analysis of water and bottom samples.
 - A collection of topographic features including existing cross structures.
 - Analysis of survey data, including assessment of water availability for navigation.
 - Preparation of survey charts and feasibility report

<u>SECTION – 2: METHODOLOGY ADOPTED TO UNDERTAKE STUDY</u>

- 2.1 **Methodology**. The detailed bathymetric and topographic survey of Punpun river (34.61 km) from Ganga confluence at Fatuha (Ch. 0 km), Lat 25°30'50.37"N Long 85°18'16.72" E to Bridge on NH 83, Dudhaila near Pakri Village (Ch.34.61 km),Lat 25°29'49.79"N, Long 85° 6'19.44"E was carried out from 07th Jan 2016 to 24th Jan 2016.Details of Horizontal and Vertical Control adopted for the survey of Punpun River is placed at Annexure 7 to this report. The survey was undertaken with cross-section corridor of 100m and line spacing of 100m.The plotting of chart was done on UTM projection at zone 45N as per specification. Details of survey chart scheming and sample fair sheet is placed at Annexure 15 to this report
- 2.1(a) **Personnel and Resources.** Total 32 personnel were involved which includes Party Chief, Sr. Surveyors, surveyors, helpers, cooks and drivers for the task in addition to resources viz. vehicles, logistics, etc.
- 2.1(b) **Equipment Used**. Various equipment's were used during the survey operations which is tabulated below as well as elaborately described in the succeeding paragraphs.

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY EQUIPMENTS

Equipment	Make	Qty. Deployed
Echo sounder	500 DF dual Frequency	2
DGPS	Trimble SPS 356/461	2
Current Meter	Vertical Axis-Cup Type	1
Grab Sampler	Vanveen grab	1
Software	HYPACK data acquisition	1
Tide Pole	Manual	06

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY EQUIPMENTS

Equipment	Make	Qty. Deployed
GPS Sets	Trimble Spectra	5
Auto Level	Leica	2
Total Station	Topcon	1
Total Station	Leica	1
Software	HYPACK data acquisition	1
Software	AutoCAD	1
Software	Trimble Spectra Survey office v.8	1

2.1(c) **Topographic Survey.** The Topographic survey was carried out between 07th Jan 2016 to 24th Jan 2016. The weather was cold and fog, for most of the survey period. The survey was undertaken as per the approved line provided by IWAI. The spot level points in the crossline were spaced at 5 m interval. The plotting of the chart was done on UTM Projection at Zone 45N. The spot levels along the river banks and dry river beds were obtained by using Trimble DGPS in RTK mode. The topographic survey for the entire survey stretch was conducted to collect the following data: -

- Spot levels of the River bed and Banks
- Delineation of Islands
- Fixing of bridges and marks
- Assess the type of river bank
- Extending the vertical and horizontal control throughout the survey area
- Collection of local information along the river Banks



Topographic Spot Levelling by Trimble DGPS

The details of all spot levels are provided in the respective sheets being presented along with this report. The details of bank protection and features across the river are Placed at Annexure 5 & 6 respectively. Additionally, a soft copy of the same in XYZ format is being handed over as deliverable data.

2.1(d) **Bathymetric Survey.** Bathy 500 DF Echo Sounder was used to obtain soundings onboard the survey boat. The working frequency of 210 and 33 kHz was used for sounding operations. Trimble SP 461/356 DGPS was used for positioning. The digital output from the echo sounder and DGPS were automatically fed to the HYPACK data logging software on a real-time basis for the acquisition of survey data. No breakdown of equipment was reported and the performance of the equipment was found to be satisfactory during the entire duration of the survey. The cross lines were run perpendicular to the orientation of river flow (i.e. perpendicular to the orientation of depth contours) in respective stretches. The spot sounding/Topographic Spot leveling was also carried out in the area where the survey boat cannot be operated due to the low depth.



Bathymetric Survey operation

2.1(e) Calibration. The equipment used for the survey was calibrated by the equipment supplier. The equipment calibration certificates are placed at Annexure - 13 to this report.

2.2 **Description of Bench Mark**. Trimble Spectra Precision DGPS system was used in standalone static observation mode for 24 hrs. For establishment of geodetic control in the survey area. Extension of the geodetic control was achieved by setting up BM pillars throughout the river stretches at every 10km chainage. Coordinates of such pillars were established by simultaneous Static observations between established and new stations. The data was processed using Spectra Precision Survey Office software. Details of these BM pillars along with stationed recovery descriptions is mentioned at Annexure 9. Benchmark was recovered near Gaurichak Punpun Bridge. Height of LBM at Gaurichak Punpun Bridge is 44.160m wrt MSL. Simultaneous GPS observation and levelling were carried out for establishing vertical control.

Local Bench Mark was established near Gaurichak Punpun Bridge, leveling and simultaneous GPS observation were carried out with the help of Trimble Spectra Precision Positioning System for transferring of Benchmark. Tide gauges were established at 10 km interval approximately. Bench Marks were connected with the '0' of the tide pole by leveling using Auto Level. After discussion with the IWAI authorities, sounding datum were established for the total surveyed length.



Bench Mark at Gaurichak Punpun Bridge

- 2.3 **Tidal Influence Zone and Tidal Variation**. Total 34.61 km length of river stretch was completely non-tidal. However, tidal observations were undertaken as per tender document for the entire duration of the survey. Tidal data being attached at **Annexure- 3** along with this report.
- 2.4 **Methodology to Fix Sounding Datum**. The datum is adopted as per the gradient of the River and the average water level observed for the River. Last six year average of minimum water level data of CWC gauge is to be taken for fixing the sounding datum. Shallow and of dry stretches of waterway, lowest MSL value at every km is to be taken for fixing Sounding Datum. The Details of established datum value for stretches are tabulated below:-

Stretc	h (km)	Established SD wet MSI (m)
From To		Established SD wrt MSL (m)
0.00	5.91	40.523
5.91	16.08	41.905
16.08	24.81	43.018
24.81	31.70	44.047
31.70	34.61	44.710

- 2.5 **Maximum and Minimum Water Level**. Data being classified, not included in the report.
- 2.6 Salient Features of Dam, Barrages, Weirs, Anicut, Locks and Aqueducts, etc. There is no any Barrage, Dam, Anicut, and Aqueduct in the stretch.

2.7 **Description of Erected Bench Mark Pillars**. New Bench Mark Pillar (05 Nos) were constructed as per the Specification of Tender Documents. The Extension of Horizontal and Vertical Control was carry out by base line processing with the nearest reference station. Details of erected BM pillars is Place at **Annexure 9**. The final accepted co-ordinate and Reference Level value of Punpun BM Pillar are as below: -

S.No	Name	Chainag e (KM)	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E)	Northing (m)	Easting (m)	Height above MSL (m)	BM Ht above SD (m)
1	BASE PUNPU N	BASE PUNPUN	25°29'22.598"	85°10'59.883"	2820409.582	317391.181	54.418	
2	PU P1	0.27	25°30'52.79"	85°18'7.16"	2823027.98	329359.122	47.591	7.068
3	PU P2	11.54	25°31'15.55"	85°14'25.49"	2823808.115	323179.746	47.33	5.425
4	PU P3	20.610	25°29'26.39"	85°11'37.60"	2820512.336	318446.049	51.686	8.668
5	PU P4	29.02	25°29'49.42"	85° 8'42.36"	2821288.972	313562.188	49.841	5.794
6	PU P5	34.40	25°29'53.39"	85° 6'25.29"	2821464.091	309736.394	52.907	8.197

2.8 **Description of Erected Tide Gauges**. Tide gauges were erected throughout the river stretch. Water level reading as per prescribed format along with chainage is mentioned at **Annexure 3**. The Detail of erected tide pole which are used for reduction of Sounding is as follows.

Tide Gauge No	Location	Chainage (km)	Easting /Northing (m)	Zero of Tide Gauge W.r.t MSL (m)	Period of Observation
TP1	Trivani Ghat	0.27	329352.480E 2822999.386N	40.276	During the Conduct of Bathy Survey
TP2	TP2 Hiranandpur 11.54 323195.623E 2823766.580N 41		41.783	During the Conduct of Bathy Survey	
TP3	Gori Chak	20.61	318433.770E 2820482.700N	42.804	During the Conduct of Bathy Survey
TP4	Sirpalpur	29	313543.773E 2821297.020N	43.998	During the Conduct of Bathy Survey
TP5	Zahidpur	34.4	309764.542E 2821423.933N	44.615	During the Conduct of Bathy Survey



Tidal Observation at Ch. 11.54 and at Ch. 20.61 km

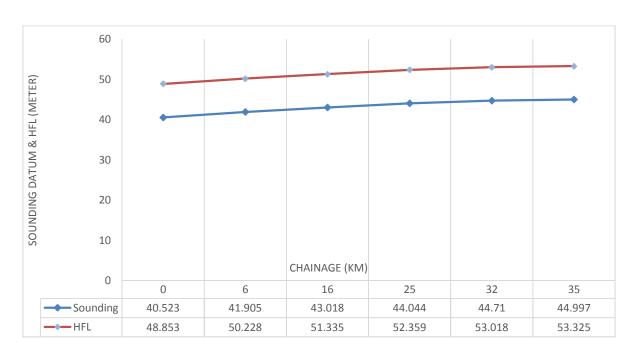
2.9 **Chart Datum/ Sounding Datum and Reduction Details.** Sounding Datum reduction table being mentioned below:-

Location of CWC gauge / Dam / Barrage / Weir / Anicut / Bench Mark / tide gauges	Chaina ge (km)	AvgCh. (km)	Stretch for corrected soundings and topo levels (km)		Established Sounding Datum w.r.t. MSL (m) at col. A.	Sounding Datum of Tide Gauge wrt MSL (m)	Correction in WL data for Bathymetric survey (m)	Topo level data converted as depth for volume calculatio n wrt SD (m)		
A					D				HFL (m)	
	В	_	С	+ve indicates above MSL	E	F = (E- WL data in MSL)	G = (E- topo levels in	(,		
			FROM	FROM -ve indicates below MSL		Juliu III III J	MSL)			
Sripalpur	36.907				44.997				53.325	
PU_P5	34.40	35.653	31.70	34.61		44.710	Details at			53.018
PU_P4	29.00	31.7	24.81	31.70		44.047		A separate	52.359	
PU_P3	20.61	24.805	16.08	24.81		43.018	Annexure3.	xyz file is created.	51.335	
PU_P2	11.54	16.075	5.91	16.08		41.905	-		50.228	
PU_P1	0.27	5.905	0.00	5.91		40.523			48.853	

2.10 **HFL** at **Gauge Stations and Cross-Structures**. HFL at CWC Gauge station Sripalpur has already been established by the CWC department and HFL for the waterway was derived as per change in the ground profile of the river.

SI	Location and Description of CWC Gauge/ Dam/etc.	Cross-Structure Details	Chainage (km)	Established HFL wrt MSL (m)	Computed HFL at Cross - Structure wrt MSL (m)
	Α	В	С	D	E
1	Sripalpur			53.325	
2		Loha Bridge	0.57		48.893
3		New Bridge	0.877		48.929
4		Fatuha Rail Bridge	1.17		48.965
5		Naryan Bridge	5.32		49.471
6		Fatehpur Bridge	18.12		51.033
7		Gourichak Bridge	21.8		51.482
8		Zahidpur Bridge	34.61		53.018

2.11 Graph: Sounding Datum and HFL vs Chainage.



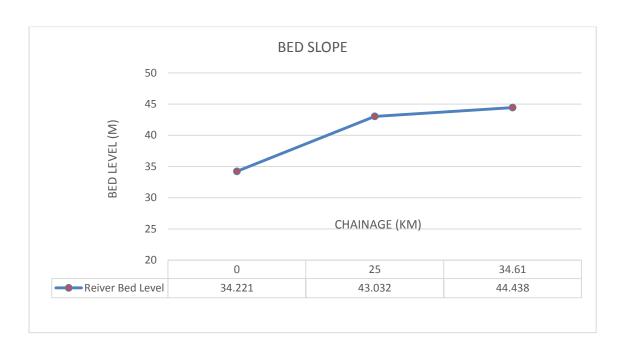
HFL AND SOUNDING DATUM TABLE

GAUGE NAME	CHAINAGE (KM)	SOUNDING DATUM(M)	HFL(M)
Ganga Confl. (1262)	0	40.523	48.853
TP_PU 01	5.91	41.905	50.228
TP_PU 02	16.08	43.018	51.335
TP_PU 03	24.81	44.044	52.359
TP_PU 04	31.7	44.71	53.018
TP_PU 05	34.61	44.997	53.325

2.12 **Average Bed Slope**. Average bed slope of the whole river stretch being tabulated below: -

Chainag	je (KM)	River Bed	Level (m)	River Bed Level Change (m)	Distance (km)	Slope
From (km) To (m)		From(m) To(m)				
Ch. 0.0 km Ch. 25.0 km		34.221m 43.032m		8.811	25	1:2837
Ch. 25.0 km	Ch. 34.61 km	43.032m	44.438m	1.406	9.61	1:6835

BED SLOPE VS CHAINAGE GRAPH



- 2.13 **Details of Dam, Barrages, Weirs, Anicut, etc.** There is no Barrage, Dam, weirs, Anicuts in thesurvey stretch.
- 2.14 **Details of Locks**. There is no Barrage in this portion of the river
- 2.15 **Details of Aqueducts**. There is no aqueduct in this portion of the river.
- 2.16 **Details of Existing Bridges & Crossings**. There are total 07 in no's bridges are present across the river. Details is tabulated below:-

SI No	Structure Name	Chainage (km)	Position (Lat Long)	Positio	Position (UTM)		Width (m)	No of Piers	Horizontal clearance (Distance Between piers) (m)	Vertical clearance wrt HFL (m)	Present condition
			Left Bank	Right Bank	Left Bank	Right Bank						
1	Loha Bridge	0.57	25°30'51.69"N 85°17'56.36"E	25°30'55.69"N 85°17'56.88"E	329057.081E 2822997.035N	329073.936E 2823120.430N	124.5	3.8	5	28.62	3.55	Completed
2	New Bridge	0.87	25°30'52.25"N 85°17'45.96"E	25°30'56.40"N 85°17'45.58"E	328767.395E 2823018.498N	328758.482E 2823146.936N	128.7	10	4	41.9	6.9	Completed
3	Fatuha Rail Bridge	1.17	25°30'49.83"N 85°17'36.72"E	25°30'53.93"N 85°17'34.30"E	328508.917E 2822947.084N	328442.005E 2823074.045N	143.5	9.5	10	12.44	4.37	Completed
4	Naryan Bridge	5.32	25°31'12.12"N 85°16'18.75"E	25°31'16.04"N 85°16'20.20"E	326340.073E 2823661.643N	326382.944E 2823781.171N	127	26	5	30.55	4.52	Completed
5	Fatehpur Bridge	18.12	25°30'44.32"N 85°11'47.82"E	25°30'46.82"N 85°11'44.88"E	318764.657E 2822906.063N	318683.783E 2822984.100N	112	7	6	21.2	3.52	Completed
6	Gouricha k Bridge	21.8	25°29'15.73"N 85°11'0.80"E	25°29'20.35"N 85°11'1.27"E	317414.629E 2820198.245N	317429.832E 2820340.263N	143	8	8	18.93	5.33	Completed
7	Zahidpur Bridge	34.61	25°29'48.22"N 85° 6'19.50"E	25°29'52.51"N 85° 6'20.12"E	309572.536E 2821307.091N	309591.212E 2821439.904N	134	10.2	7	21.13	6.38	Completed

2.17 **Details of Other Cross Structures**. There is no other cross structure, in this river stretch.

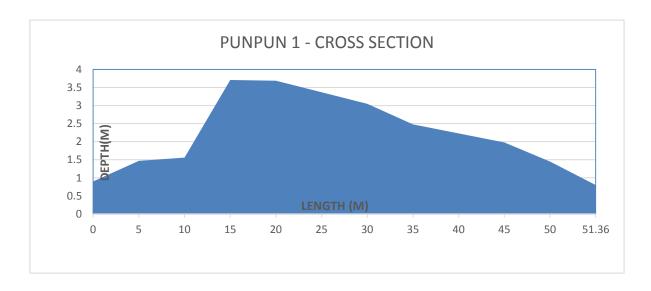
2.18 **High Tension Lines / Electric Lines / Tele-Communication Lines**. Details of HT lines and electric pole is tabulated below:-

SI No	Cross- Structure Name	Chainage (km)	Position (Lat Long)	Positio	Position (UTM)		Remarks (Completed or not- completed)
1	HT Line	5	25°31'9.62"N 85°16'29.36"E	25°31'7.64"N 85°16'27.41"E	326635.022E 2823580.909N			completed
2	HT Line	6.18			325611.817E 2824089.6267N	20	completed	
3	HT Line	11.47	25°31'15.03"N 85°14'27.71"E	25°31'11.42"N 85°14'27.23"E	323241.638E 2823791.640N	323226.308E 2823680.674N	20	completed
4	HT Line	27.1	25°29'12.91"N 85° 8'51.05"E				22	completed

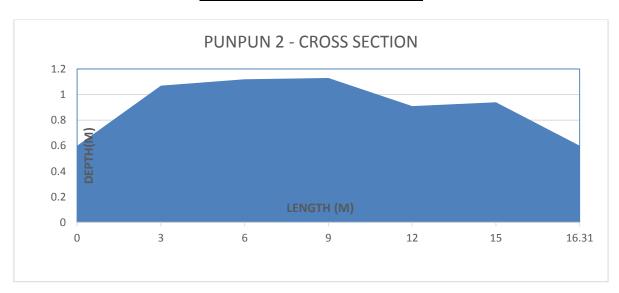
2.19 **Current Meter and Discharge Details**. Current meter observations and discharge calculations were undertaken at every 10 km interval approximately. Details of the same is tabulated below:-

S.No	Chainage (km)	EASTING (m)	NORTNING (m)	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E)	Observed Depth(m)	Velocity mtrs/sec	X- Sectional Area (Sq.M)	Discharge M3/Sec
1	0.18	329508.202	2822976.806	25°30'51.19"	85°18'12.52"	3.7	0.5	125.105	62.553
2	9.98	323923.978	2824760.832	25°31'46.81"	85°14'51.68"	1.13	0.55	16.009	8.805
3	20.05	318507.656	2821064.5	25°29'44.36"	85°11'39.51"	2.38	0.32	78.751	25.200
4	30.43	312582.114	2821667.558	25°30'1.29"	85° 8'7.08"	3.08	0	100.845	0.00
5	34.41	309763.007	2821392.775	25°29'51.07"	85° 6'26.30"	1.14	0	19.685	0.00

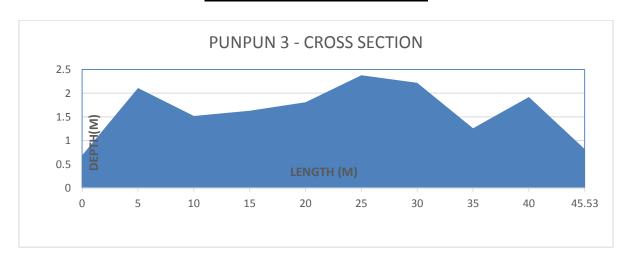
PUNPUN 1- CROSS SECTION



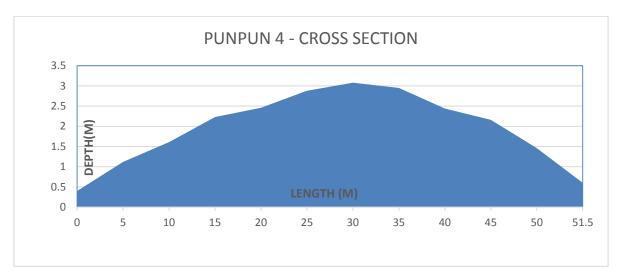
PUNPUN 2- CROSS SECTION



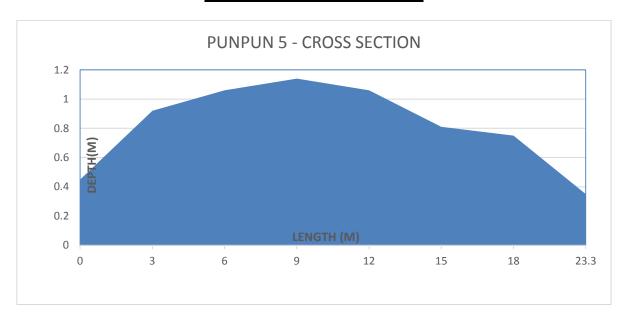
PUNPUN 3- CROSS SECTION



PUNPUN4- CROSS SECTION



PUNPUN5- CROSS SECTION



2.20(a) **Soil Sample Locations**. Details of soil sample location being appended below:-

Sr.No	Chainage (KM)	Chainage (KM) Easting (m) Northing (m) Latitude		Latitude	Longitude	Depth (m)
1	0.19	329508.243	2822976.807	25°30'51.19"	85°18'12.52"	5.5
2	9.98	323922.910	2824761.120	25°31'46.84"	85°14'51.64"	1.13
3	20.06	318507.657	2821064.501	25°29'44.36"	85°11'39.51"	2.2
4	30.46	312582.114	2821667.559	25°30'1.29"	85° 8'7.08"	2.3
5	34.43	309763.008	2821392.776	25°29'51.07"	85° 6'26.30"	0.9

2.20(b) Water Samples.

Water sample locations are tabulated below:-

Sr.No	Chainage (KM)	ninage (KM) Easting (m) Northing (m) Latitude Longitud		Longitude	Depth (m)	Mid-Depth (0.5d) (m)	
1	0.19	329508.243	2822976.807	25°30'51.19"	85°18'12.52"	5.5	2.75
2	9.98	323922.910	2824761.120	25°31'46.84"	85°14'51.64"	1.13	0.56
3	20.06	318507.657	2821064.501	25°29'44.36"	85°11'39.51"	2.2	1.1
4	30.46	312582.114	2821667.559	25°30'1.29"	85° 8'7.08"	2.3	1.15
5	34.43	309763.008	2821392.776	25°29'51.07"	85° 6'26.30"	0.9	0.45

SECTION-3

3. Description of Waterway.

3.1 Sub-Stretch 1: From Ch 0 km to Ch 25 km. This stretch of the surveyed river is having length of 25 km and average width of 30 m to 50 m. Current meter observation and discharge measurement were carried out at Ch.0.18 km, Ch.9.98 km and Ch.20.05 km chainage. Small wooden boats were engaging in ferry service at Ch. 10.75 km (Hiranandpur ferry Ghat), Ch.11.50 km (Bhagwanpur Ferry Ghat) and fishing activities. Bamboo barrier is at ch.20.55 and 21.50 in this section. There is neither any forest zone nor restricted zone. Farmers were seen engaging in agricultural activities. Primary crops are mustard, wheat, cauliflower, potato, tomato, cabbage, carrot, radish, etc.



From Ch 0 km to 25 km

Dredging quantity for substretch-1

	Chainage (km) Observed						Reduced wrt Sounding Datum				
Туре	From	То	Min Depth (m)	pth Depth Shoal		Dredging Qty (cu.m)	Min Depth (m)	Max Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (cu.m)	
Class-I	0	25	0	6.1	5,700	2,16,234.91	-0.3	6.1	18,000	7,40,363.70	
Class-II	0	25	0	6.1	8,600	5,03,551.20	-0.3	6.1	19,400	12,13,238.80	
Class-III	0	25	0	6.1	14,300	10,81,291.06	-0.3	6.1	20,800	19,76,081.69	
Class-IV	0	25	0	6.1	16,200	15,13,564.48	-0.3	6.1	21,100	24,56,722.12	

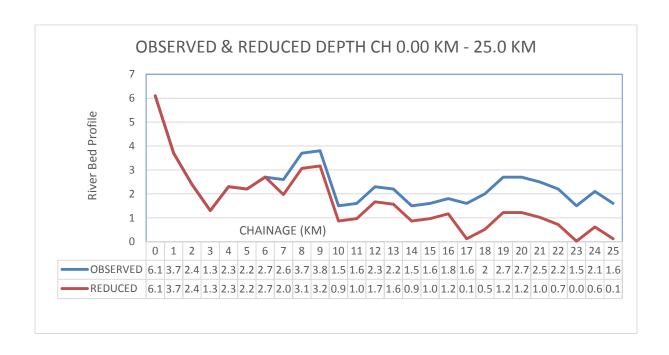
(a) Bathymetry Survey & Topographic Survey.

SUB-STRETCH-1 (0-25 KM)									
Type of Survey	Chainage (km)	Remarks							
	0.0 km to 20.40 km	covered by bathymetric survey							
Bathymetry Survey	20.75 km to 25.0km	covered by bathymetric survey							
Topographia Survey	20.40 km to 20.75 km	Being Dry/Very Shallow covered by topographic method							
Topographic Survey	0.0 km to 25.0 km	Riverbank, prominent features along the bank.							



Ganga Confluence at Ch 0.0 km

(c) **Observed & Reduced Depth Profile of the Stretch**. Both observed and reduced depth along with slope being mentioned below:-



Chaina	ge (km)	River Bed	Level (m)	River Bed Level	Clava
From	То	From	То	Change (m)	Slope
0.0	25.0	34.221	43.032	8.811	1:2837

- (d) **Prominent Dam/ Barrage**. There is no Barrage/Dam in this stretch of the river.
- (d) **Tidal Stretch**. This 25 km of river stretch is completely non-tidal.
- (e) **Bank**. The river bank of Punpun is mainly unprotected throughout the river. But in some places, bank concrete or Pitch Protected was noticed especially in and around the bridges (New Bridge at Ch. 0.87 km, Naryan Bridge at Ch. 5.32 km, Fatehpur Bridge at Ch. 18.12 km,) Ghat (Ch. 0.0 km confluence in Ganga at Trivanighat, Subhas Nagar Sri Ghat, Ch. 18.55 km) and Ch. 11.0 km to 11.20 bank protection with gunny bags.



TrivaniGhat at Ch 0.00 km & Subhas Nagar Sri Ghat at Ch18.55 km



Bank Protection at Ch. 11.0 km & Naryan Bridge at Ch.5.32 km

(f) **Hindrances**. The surveyed river stretch is having hindrances for navigation, Bamboo barrier across the river at Ch. 20.50 km & Ch. 21.50, the RCC pipe stack in the river at Ch.18.0 km and one big I-land at Ch.12.4 to 12.95 and some local people also prepare local wine on the I-land.Under water plants & Phytoplankton were seen in many places which may cause significant hindrance for navigation. Which may cause navigational interference for boats and vessels.



RCC pipe at Ch.18.00 &Bamboo barrier at Ch. 20.50 km



Bamboo barrier at Ch. 21.55 km & Phytoplankton Ch. 20.7 km

(g) **Encroachment**. Encroachment on the river bank is prominent on numerous ocassions.



Houses at Ch 0.56 km & Ch 21.8 km

- (h) **Protected Area**. There is no wildlife, Defence, Atomic power plant and any other procted areas in this stretch.
- (i) **NH/ SH**. NH 30, NH 30A, and SH 1a cross the river in this strech.
- (j) **Railway Station**. Railway stations in this stretch are Fatuha and Bankaghat station.
- (k) **Land Use Pattern**. Land on either banks of the river being utilised for either agricultural or residential purpose.
- (I) **Crops**. Both the banks of Punpun River are very fertile. Primary crops are mustard and wheat but seasonal vegetable crops are also cultivated viz. cauliflower, potato, tomato, cabbage, carrot, radish, etc. (winter crops).



Crop Cultivation on the Bank of Punpun at Ch. 11.50 km and Ch. 20.6 km

- (m) **Bulk Construction Material**. There is neither any factory for construction material nor any raw material available along the corridor of the river stretch.
- (n) **Existing Industry**. Minor industries are pulses, shoes, masur, electrical, cotton, iron, food grains, Wooden & Clay toys, Musical Instruments, etc. Above are in Patna city.
- o) **Existing Ghats, Jetties and Terminals**. There is no jetty and terminal was observed in this portion. Ghats located in this river portion is subhash Nagar SriGhat and Trivanighat at fatuha.



Subhas Nagar Sri Ghat at Ch. 18.55 km & Trivani Ghat at Ch. 0.0 km

- (p) **Cargo Movement**. There is no cargo movement observed in this portion of the water way during the course of survey.
- (q) **Prominent City/ town or Place of Worship**. The only city fatuha is situated on the bank of rivers Punpun Ganga and from Patna. Fatuha is an important industrial center known for small industries and its handloom industries. The city's name is said to come from its status as a center of textile manufacturing, etc. Fatuha is a major rural market, catering to the needs of numerous villages which produce all kinds of agrarian and other rural produces like handicrafts, etc. Remarkable tourist influx can be noticed in the city.
- (r) **Ferry**. Total two in nos. ferry Ghats were observed at Ch. 10.7 km Hiranandpur ferry Ghat and Ch.11.50 km (Bhagwanpur Ferry Ghat.Small wooden boats were utilised for the ferry services across the river.



Hiranandpur ferry Ghat at Ch 10.7 km& Bhagwanpur Ferry Ghat at Ch 11.50 km

- (s) Water Sports Recreational Facilities. There is no facility for water sports along the surveyed river stretch. In future, developed of the same is not viable throughout the river stretch. However, at Ganga confluence it can be developed due to water availability throughout the year.
- (t) **Fishing Activity**. Small wooden boats were seen engaging in fishing activity in this river portion.



Fishing Activity at Ch 20.05 km

- (u) **Sand Mining**. No sand mining activity was found in this stretch.
- (v) **Tributaries**. There is no tributary is present in this portion.
- (w) **Details of Irrigational Canals**. There is no irrigational canal present in this section.
- (x) **Details of Nalas**. There is no any Nalas was found in this stretch.
- (y) **Usage of Water**. Water in this portion primarily irrigation purpose.

(Z) **Details of Cross-Structures**. There are total 06 in no's bridges are present across the river. Details is tabulated below:-

SI No	Structure Name	Chainage (km)	Position (L	.at Long)	Position (UTM		Length (m)	Width (m)	No of Piers	Horizontal clearance (Distance Between piers) (m)	Vertical clearance wrt HFL (m)	Present condition
			Left Bank	Right Bank	Left Bank	Right Bank						
1	Loha Bridge	0.57	25°30'51.69"N 85°17'56.36"E	25°30'55.69"N 85°17'56.88"E	329057.081E 2822997.035N	329073.936E 2823120.430N	124.5	3.8	5	28.62	3.55	Completed
2	New Bridge	0.87	25°30'52.25"N 85°17'45.96"E	25°30'56.40"N 85°17'45.58"E	328767.395E 2823018.498N	328758.482E 2823146.936N	128.7	10	4	41.9	6.9	Completed
3	Fatuha Rail Bridge	1.17	25°30'49.83"N 85°17'36.72"E	25°30'53.93"N 85°17'34.30"E	328508.917E 2822947.084N	328442.005E 2823074.045N	143.5	9.5	10	12.44	4.37	Completed
4	Naryan Bridge	5.32	25°31'12.12"N 85°16'18.75"E	25°31'16.04"N 85°16'20.20"E	326340.073E 2823661.643N	326382.944E 2823781.171N	127	26	5	30.55	4.52	Completed
5	Fatehpur Bridge	18.12	25°30'44.32"N 85°11'47.82"E	25°30'46.82"N 85°11'44.88"E	318764.657E 2822906.0638N	318683.783E 2822984.100N	112	7	6	21.2	3.52	Completed
6	Gourichak Bridge	21.8	25°29'15.73"N 85°11'0.80"E	25°29'20.35"N 85°11'1.27"E	317414.629E 2820198.245N	317429.832E 2820340.263N	143	8	8	18.93	5.33	Completed



Loha Bridge at Ch 0.57 km& New Bridge at Ch 0.87 km



Fatuha Rail Bridge at Ch 1.17 km & Naryan Bridge at Ch 5.32 km



Fatehpur Bridge at Ch 18.12 km& Gourichak Bridge at Ch 21.8 km

Three HT line was present in this section. Details of HT line is tabulated below:-

S.No	Cross- Structure Name	Chainage (km)	Position (Lat Long)	Positio	n (UTM)	Vertical clearance w.r.t HFL (m)	Remarks (Completed or not- completed)
1	HT Line	5.0 25°31'9.62"N 25°31'7.64"N 326635.022E 326580.354E 85°16'29.36"E 85°16'27.41"E 2823580.909N 2823520.990N		18	completed			
2	HT Line	6.18	25°31'28.46"N 85°15'53.12"E	25°31'25.72"N 85°15'52.45"E	325631.038E 2824173.173N	325611.817E 2824089.6267N	20	completed
3	HT Line	11.47	25°31'15.03"N 85°14'27.71"E	25°31'11.42"N 85°14'27.23"E	323241.638E 2823791.640N	323226.308E 2823680.674N	20	completed

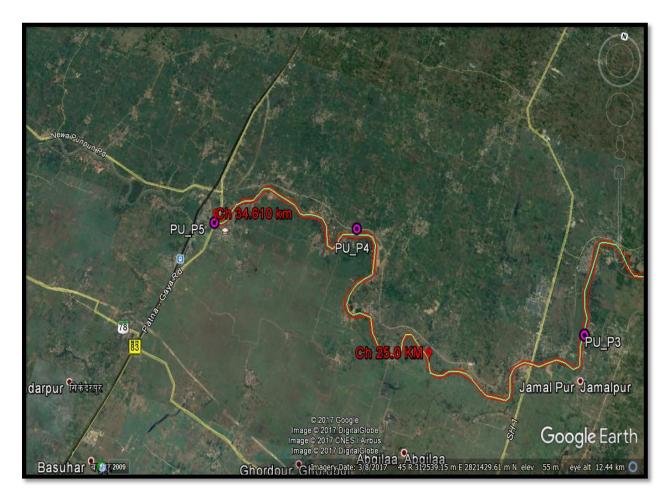


HT Line at Ch 5.00 km& Ch. 6.18 km



HT Line at Ch 11.47 km

3.2 **Sub-Stretch 2: From Ch 25 km to Ch 34.61 km**. This stretch of the river is having length of 9.61 km and average width of 30 m. Current meter observation and discharge measurement were carried out at Ch.30.43 km andCh.34.41 km. and. There is neither any forest zone nor restricted zone in this stretch. Cultivated crops are mustard, wheat, cauliflower, potato, tomato, cabbage, carrot, radish, etc.



Ch. 25 km to Ch. 34.61 km

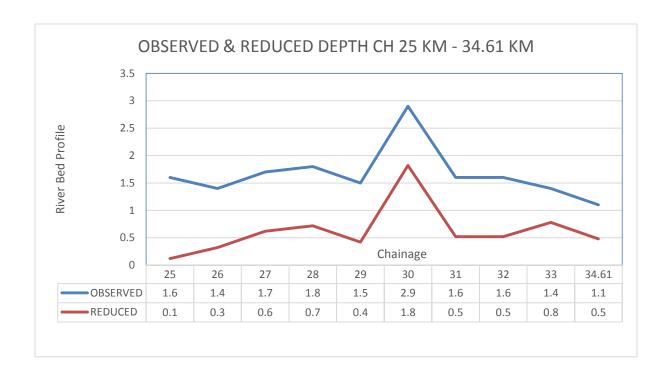
Dredging quantity for substretch-2

	Chair (kr	_		Ok	served		Reduced wrt Sounding Datum				
Туре	From	То	Min Depth (m)	Max Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (cu.m)	Min Depth (m)	Max Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (cu.m)	
Class-I	25	34.6	0	2.9	2,600	88,028.60	-0.3	1.8	9,400	3,69,535.10	
Class-II	25	34.6	0	2.9	3,600	2,15,674.10	-0.3	1.8	9,500	5,81,581.20	
Class-III	25	34.6	0	2.9	8,000	4,58,900.28	-0.3	1.8	9,400	9,01,912.83	
Class-IV	25	34.6	0	2.9	9,100	6,34,560.44	-0.3	1.8	9,600	10,95,076.47	

(a) Bathymetry Survey & Topographic Survey.

	SUB-STRETCH-2 (25-34.61 KM)									
Type of Survey	Chainage (km)	Remarks								
Bathymetry Survey	25.0 km to 34.61 km	covered by bathymetric survey								
Topographic Survey	25.0 km to 34.61 km	Riverbank, prominent features along the bank.								

(c) **Observed & Reduced Depth Profile of the Stretch**. Both observed and reduced depth along with slope being mentioned below:-



Chaina	Chainage (km)		ed Level n)	River Bed Level	Clana
From	То	From To		Change (m)	Slope
25.0	34.61 43.032 44.		44.438	1.406	1:6835

- (d) **Prominent Dam/ Barrage**. There is neither any dam nor any barrage exists in this stretch.
- (d) **Tidal Stretch**. This river stretch is completely non-tidal.
- (e) **Bank**. The river bank of Punpun is mainly unprotected throughout the river. But in some places, bank protection was noticed especially in and around the bridge (Zahidpur Bridge at Ch. 34.60 km) and Temple ghat at Ch.27.30 at Lankakachura pitch Protected.



Pitch protected at Ch. 27.30 km

(f) **Hindrances**. The surveyed river stretch is having hindrances for navigation on numerous occasions. Under water plankton and Bamboo barrier across the river and house on the river bank are also prominent, which may cause navigational interference for boats and vessels. Remarkable navigational threats can be perceived along the river stretch. Safe navigational route can be developed by significant amount of dredging and diverting the sewage drains towards the treatment plants.



Underwater phytoplankton at Ch. 31.50 km & Bamboo barrier at Ch. 28.9 km

- (g) **Encroachment**. No encroachment was observed in this stretch.
- (h) **Protected Area**. There is no wildlife, Defence, Atomic power plant and any other protected area present in this river stretch.
- (i) **NH/ SH**. Only NH83 are located around the river strech.



House on river Bank at Ch. 33.90 to 34.0 km

- (j) **Railway Station**. There is parsa railway station and punpun railway station situated in this section.
- (k) Land Use Pattern. Land on either banks of the river being utilised for either agricultural or residential purpose.
- (I) **Crops**. Both the banks of Punpun River are very fertile. Primary crops are mustard and wheat but seasonal vegetable crops are also cultivated viz. cauliflower, potato, tomato, cabbage, carrot, radish, etc. (winter crops).



Cultivation at Ch. 32.50 km

- (m) **Bulk Construction Material**. There is neither any factory for construction material nor any raw material available along the corridor of the river stretch.
- (n) **Existing Industry**. Minor industries are pulses, shoes, shooter, masur, electrical, cotton, iron, food grains, Wooden & Clay toys, Musical Instruments, etc.

.

- (o) **Existing Ghats, Jetties and Terminals**. There is no jetty and terminal was observed in this portion. Ghats located in this river portion is Lanka kachura Ghat at Ch. 27.30 km.
- (p) **Cargo Movement**. There is no cargo movement observed in this portion of the water way during the course of survey.
- (q) **Prominent City/ town or Place of Worship**. There is only Patna city form 12.0 km east side of the river in this stretch.
- (r) **Ferry**. There is no any ferry services in this stretch.
- (s) Water Sports Recreational Facilities. There is no facility for water sports along the surveyed river stretch. In future, developed of the same is not viable throughout the river stretch.
- (t) **Fishing Activity**. Small wooden boats were seen engaging in fishing activity in this river portion.
- (u) **Sand Mining**. No sand mining activity was found in this stretch.
- (v) **Tributaries**. There is no tributary is present in this portion.
- (w) **Details of Irrigational Canals**. There is no irrigational canal present in this section.

- (x) **Details of Nalas**. There is no any nala in this stretch.
- (y) **Usage of Water**. Water in this portion primarily irrigation purpose.
- (Z) **Details of Cross-Structures**. Only one bridges are present across the river. Details is tabulated below:-

SI No	Structure Name	Chainage (km)	Position (Lat Long)		Position (UTM)		Length (m)	Width (m)	No of Piers	Horizontal clearance (Distance Between piers) (m)	Vertical clearance wrt HFL (m)	Present condition
			Left Bank	Right Bank	Left Bank	Right Bank						
7	Zahidpur Bridge	34.61	25°29'48.22"N 85° 6'19.50"E	25°29'52.51"N 85° 6'20.12"E	309572.536E 2821307.091N	309591.212E 2821439.904N	134	10.2	7	21.13	6.38	Completed



Zahidpur Bridge at Ch. 34.61 km

There is only one HT lines present in this section. Details is tabulated below:-

S.No	Cross- Structure Name	Chainage (km)	Position (Lat Long)	Position	(UTM)	Vertical clearance w.r.t HFL (m)	Remarks (Completed or not- completed)
1	HT Line	27.10	25°29'12.91"N 85° 8'51.05"E	25°29'12.08"N 85° 8'47.12"E	313789.901E 2820161.593N	313679.509E 2820137.266N	25	completed

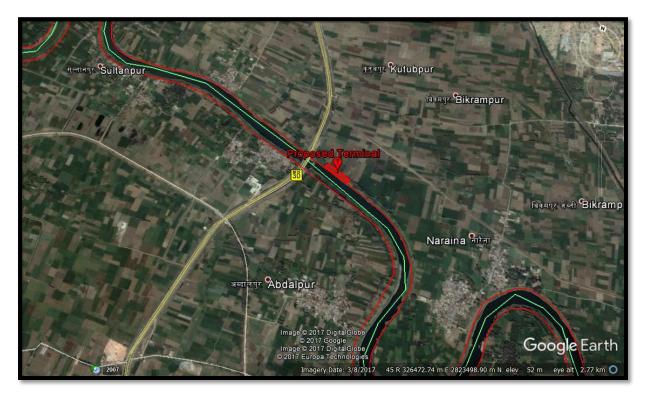


HT Line at Ch 27.10 km

SECTION - 4

4.1**Terminals.** There is no terminal present in this waterway. However, development of terminal at Naryanpur is recommended due to depth availability throughout the year proximity to the road rail networks. NH30 across the Punpun River. Fatwah Railway stations are located 3.60 km away from the proposed terminal respectively. This proposed terminal will cater for passenger as well as cargo movement throughout the river. Details of the proposed terminal being tabulated below:-

SI	Ch.	Location	Position (at/long)	Position	Position (UTM)			Area	Present	
No	(km)	Location	Position (Lat/ long)		i ositioi	(m)	(m)	(sq.m)	Land Use		
			Start	End	Start	End					
1	5.15	NaryanPur	25°31'13.03"N 85°16'23.50"E	25°31'10.59"N 85°16'28.14"E	326472.660E 2823686.480N	326600.350E 2823607.240N	150	20	3,000	Agricultural Land	



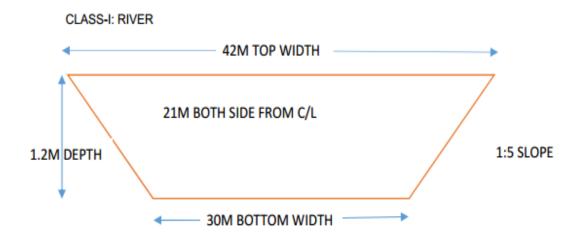
Proposed Terminal at Ch. 5.15 km

SECTION - 5

5.1 Fairway Development The dredging channel is designed by linking deepest sounding of each cross sections and the dredging quantity is estimated for developing a navigable channel with the following dimension. The best suitable dredging channel class for the survey stretch of Punpun River is identified as Class-I and the dredge volume for the Class I to Class-IV were also calculated for the entire survey stretch. The details of Fairway channel dimension used for the dredging calculation are as follows: -

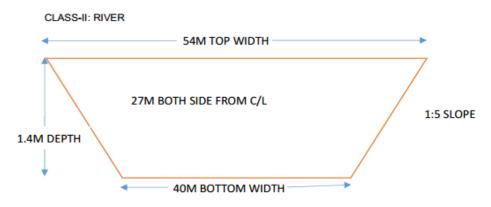
Class of Channel Depth (m) Bottom	Depth (m)	Bottom width (m)	Slope
Class -I	1.2	30	1:5
Class -II	1.4	40	1:5
Class -III	1.7	50	1:5
Class -IV	2	50	1:5

- **5.2 Calculation of Dredging Quantity** The dredge volume calculations were accomplished using the HYPACK dredge volume computation utility. For clarity and ease of calculations, the complete channel profile was divided into segments of 1 km each (enclosed at Annexure-2). The Tin v/s Channel volume with Hypack Standard algorithm was used to calculate the dredge volume. The stretch wise summary of the dredge volume for a different class of fairway is as follows: -
- 1) 30m x 1.2m with side slope 1:5, along the deepest route.



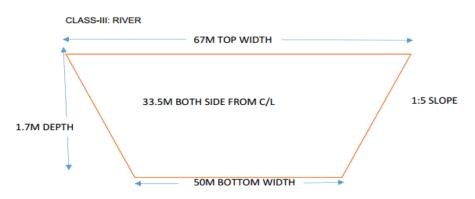
						CLASS - I					
Chaina	ge (km)		0	bserved				R	educed w	r.t Sounding [Datum
From	То	Min. Depth (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (Cu.m)	Cumulative Drg. Qty. (cu.m)	Min. Depth (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (Cu.m)	Cumulative Drg. Qty. (cu.m)
Fatuha Ch.0 km	Nadghat Ch. 25 KM	0	6.1	5,700	2,16,234.91	2,16,234.91	-0.3	6.1	18,000	7,40,363.70	7,40,363.70
Nadghat Ch. 25 KM	Dudhaila Ch. 34.6 Km	0	2.9	2,600	88,028.60	3,04,263.51	-0.3	1.8	9,400	3,69,535.10	11,09,898.80

2) 40m x 1.4m with side slope 1:5, along the deepest route.



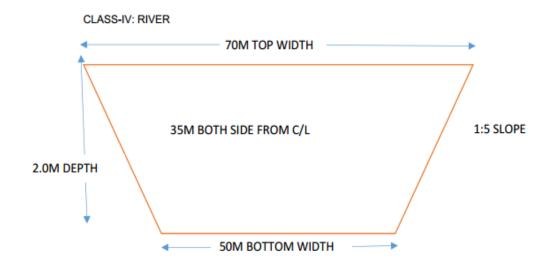
	CLASS - II												
Chaina	Chainage (km) Observed							Red	uced w.r.t	Sounding Datu	m		
From	То	Min. Depth (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (Cu.m)	Cumulative Drg. Qty. (cu.m)	Min. Depth (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (Cu.m)	Cumulative Drg. Qty. (cu.m)		
Fatuha Ch.0 km	Nadghat Ch. 25 KM	0	6.1	8,600	5,03,551.20	5,03,551.20	-0.3	6.1	19,400	12,13,238.80	12,13,238.80		
Nadghat Ch. 25 KM	Dudhaila Ch. 34.6 Km	0	2.9	3,600	2,15,674.10	7,19,225.30	-0.3	1.8	9,500	5,81,581.20	17,94,820.00		

3) 50m x 1.7m with side slope 1:5, along the deepest route.



	CLASS - III												
Chaina	ge (km)		Ol	served				Redu	ced w.r.t S	ounding Datum	1		
From	То				Dredging Qty (Cu.m)	Cumulative Drg. Qty. (cu.m)	Min. Depth (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (Cu.m)	Cumulative Drg. Qty. (cu.m)		
Fatuha Ch.0 km	Nadghat Ch. 25 KM	0	6.1	14,300	10,81,291.10	10,81,291.10	-0.3	6.1	20,800	19,76,081.70	19,76,081.70		
Nadghat Ch. 25 KM	Dudhaila Ch. 34.6 Km	0	2.9	8,000	4,58,900.30	15,40,191.30	-0.3	1.8	9,400	9,01,912.80	28,77,994.50		

4) 50m x 2.0m with side slope 1:5, along the deepest route.



	CLASS - IV												
Chainage (km) Observed								Redi	ıced w.r.t	Sounding Datu	m		
From	То	Min. Depth (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (Cu.m)	Cumulative Drg. Qty. (cu.m)	Min. Depth (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Length of Shoal (m)	Dredging Qty (Cu.m)	Cumulative Drg. Qty. (cu.m)		
Fatuha Ch.0 km	Nadghat Ch. 25 KM	0	6.1	16,200	15,13,564.50	15,13,564.50	-0.3	6.1	21,100	24,56,722.10	24,56,722.10		
Nadghat Ch. 25 KM	Dudhaila Ch. 34.6 Km	0	2.9	9,100	6,34,560.40	21,48,124.90	-0.3	1.8	9,600	10,95,076.50	35,51,798.60		

SECTION - 6

6.1 **Conclusion**. The river corridor consists of a length of 34.61 km from trivani sangam, fatuha at Ganga confluence (Ch. 0.0 km) to Bridge on NH 83, dudhaila Near pakri village (Ch. 34.610 km). The whole river is non-tidal and is one of the tributary of Ganga. The surveyed stretch of Punpun River is utilized by small boat for ferry services and the waterway can be best utilized for cargo transfer and passenger ferry service on improving the depth of existing waterway. There are seven cross structures and four high-tension line exist in the waterway, which are presently in use. The dredging on the Waterway will improve the depth of the channel for any navigational requirement. The River banks are well connected with the road network and are moderately connected with Railway Network. The road is near parallel on both sides throughout the river stretch.

The 24.20 km of river length is having depth below 1.2 m, 4.40 km of river length is having depth between 1.2 m to 1.4 m, 2.76 km of river length is having depth between 1.5 m to 1.7 m and 1.95 km of river length is having depth between 1.8 m to 2.0 m. The length of river having depth more than 2 m is 1.30 km only. There is neither any dam nor any barrage exists in theSurvey stretch. Minimum and maximum horizontal clearance of cross structures are 12.44m and 41.90m respectively. Minimum and maximum vertical clearances of cross structures are 3.52m & 6.90m wrt HFL respectively. Min & max vertical clearance of power cables are 18.0m & 22.0m wrt HFL respectively.

There is neither any protected area (Atomic/ Port/ Wildlife/ Research) nor any hindrance exist in the whole waterway. Information gather from local populace that the availability of maximum water is only during monsoon season. There is no cargo, passenger ferry and tourism facility is available in the river stretch. Both banks of the Punpun River is very much fertile. Cultivation of wheat, mustard, peas, potato and carrot etc. has been noticed during the course of survey. Land along the river is mainly utilized for agricultural purpose. However, in some places, it is also used as residential purposes. The whole river stretch is well connected with the rail and road networks within 5 to 10 Km. Prominent cities are Fatuha, Simra, and Patna.

Small wooden boats being utilized for ferry services across the river at following locations: - Ch. 10.70 km (Hiranandpur) and Ch.11.50 km (Bhagwanpur). There is no water sport facility available in the whole river portion. Tourism facilities are present at Trivani sangam at fatuha and Patna. Cities along the river viz. Fatuha, Simra, and Patna, etc. are well connected with both rail and road networks.

There is no terminal present in this waterway. However, development of terminals at Naryan pur (Ch. 5.15 km seems viable. These places are well connected by rail and road networks. These proposed terminals will cater for passenger as well as cargo movement throughout the river.

The feasibility survey were carried out at river Punpun (length 34.61 km) from trivani sangam, fatuha at Ganga confluence (Ch. 0.0 km) to Bridge on NH 83, dudhaila Near pakri village (Ch. 34.610 km). The Dredging quantity being tabulated below: -

Class	Drg. Qty. (cu.m)
Class I	11,09,898.81
Class II	17,94,819.98
Class III	28,77,994.52
Class IV	35,51,798.59

Consultant Recommendation

- The whole river is non-tidal and is one of the tributary of Ganga.
- Punpun River is utilized by small boat for ferry services across the river or for fishing purpose.
- The availability of navigable water is only during monsoon season
- Tourism facilities are present at Trivani sangam at fatuha and Patna. Cities along the river are Fatuha, Simra, and Patna.
- No cargo along the river.
- The average width of the river is 20-40 mtr, so widening of the river is required at many places.
- Further TEF/DPR study is recommended.